

# Additive.MILLING

Add Milling to Additive Manufacturing

## CONCEPT

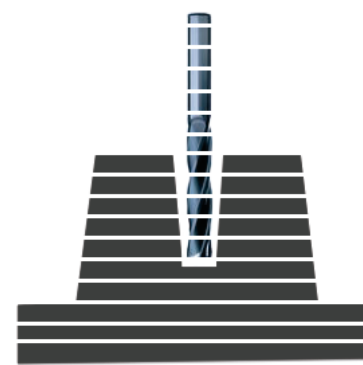
The main purpose of additive.MILLING is to produce molding zones or inserts of high geometric complexity, minimizing the use of EDM. The solution will be to use additive processes (AM) dedicated to the processing of metallic powders consisting of components with high quality finish. However, the great limitation of the additive process of metallic powders is their inefficiency to achieve a roughness compatible with the function of the components / system. Due to the high roughness of the component during / after processing it is always necessary to use subtractive finishing processes.

Thus, the main objective of the Additive.MILLING project is to develop an integrated costing process suitable for the industry, which allows the integration of AM and SM (subtractive processing) technologies for the direct production of zones molding with high detail, precision, finishing and also with a thermal performance during the injection, in order to increase the production of parts / unit of time.

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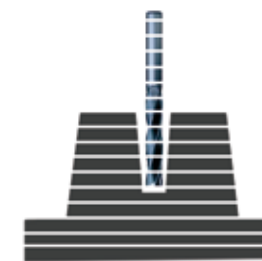
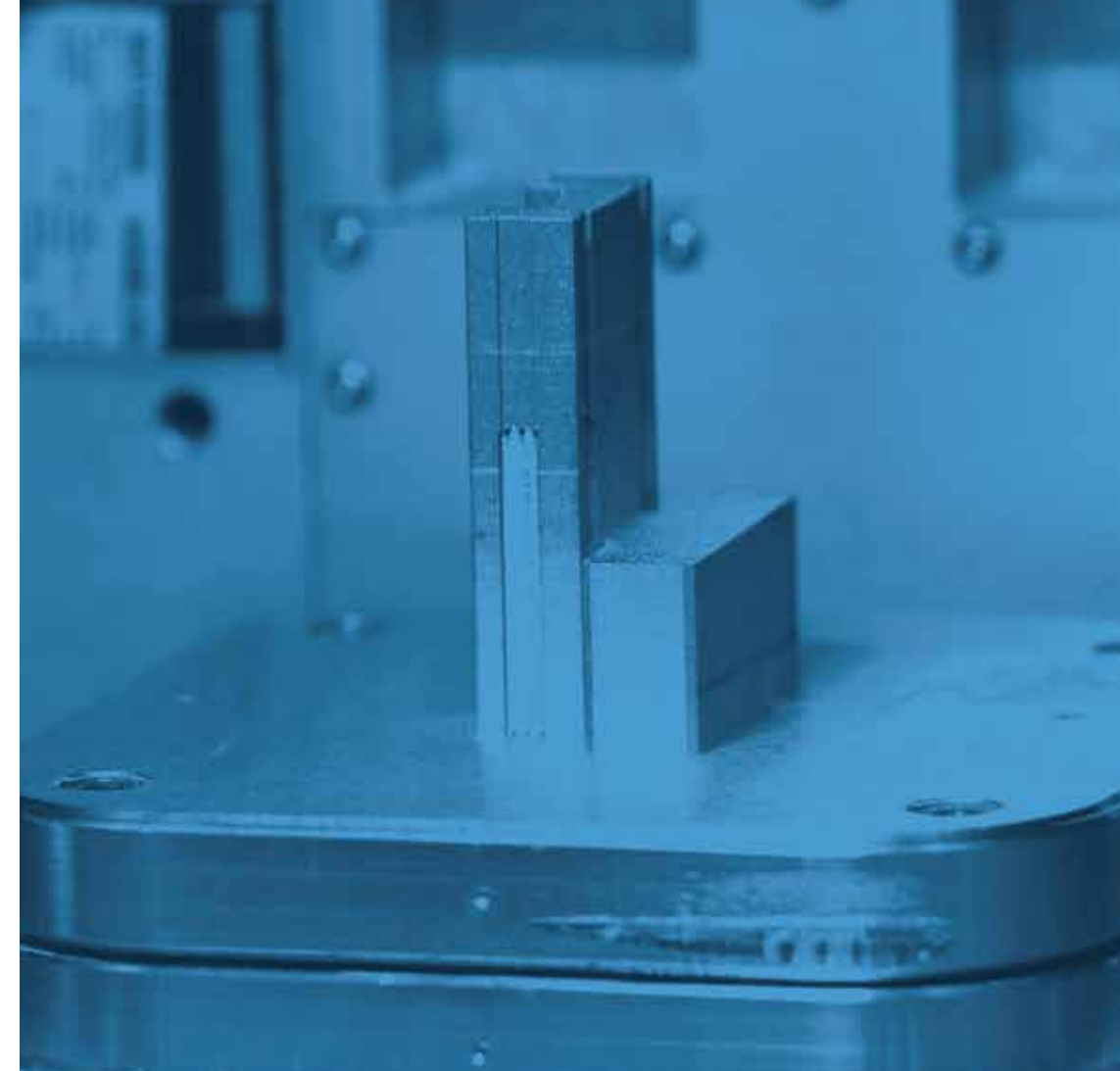


## Additive.MILLING



CENTRO PARA  
O DESENVOLVIMENTO RÁPIDO  
E SUSTENTADO DE PRODUTO

Co-financed by:



## Additive.MILLING

Add Milling to Additive Manufacturing



## MAIN OBJECTIVES

- Design of manufacturing process, supported by addMILL.holder, where selective laser fusion (SLM) will be associated with a subtractive process (milling), eliminating the use of the EDM manufacturing process.
- Creation of a software integrator application (addMILL.soft) that allows to support the manufacturing additive (SLM) and subtraction (milling) maximizing the advantages of each one.
- Creation of a software (addMILL.cooling) that allows the design of conformal channels of refrigeration, to optimize the injection cycles and the quality of the injected parts.
- Ensuring adherence and dimensional accuracy between deposited and milled layers and the new layers of powder deposited after SLM.
- Definition of intersystem simplification and operational procedures.
- Evaluation of the advantages and disadvantages of the process: comparison between case studies made by conventional means and those resulting from the approach proposed in the Additive.MILLING project.
- Establishment of irrigation for implementation.



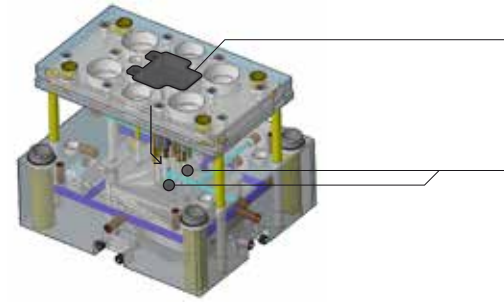
**Start date:** January 2016  
**End date:** January 2018

**Project Coordinator:** GLN MOLDS, SA;

**Partners:** Universidade de Coimbra (UC); CEMUC e CMUC; IPLeiria - CDRSP;

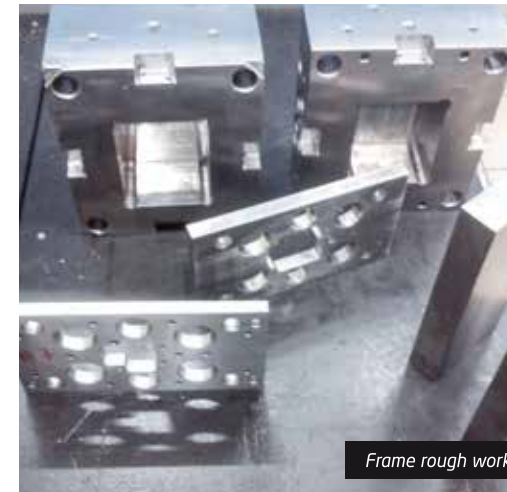
## MOLD PROJECT

MODULAR FRAME



**MODULAR EJECTION SYSTEM**  
a different one, for each part

**COOLING FLUID CIRCUIT IN&OUT LOCATIONS**  
common to the three different inserts



Frame rough works



Frame rough works

## CAVITY&CORE INSERTS

PHARMACEUTICAL INDUSTRY



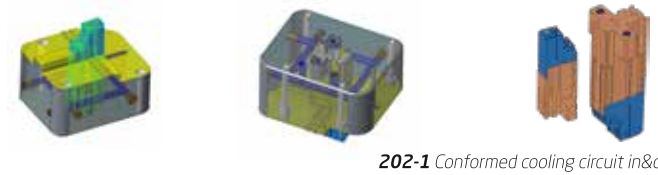
201-1 Conformed cooling circuit in&out

AUTOMOBILE INDUSTRY



203-1 Conformed cooling circuit in&out

ELECTRONICS INDUSTRY



202-1 Conformed cooling circuit in&out



Cavities&cores inserts final works



Cavities&cores inserts final works

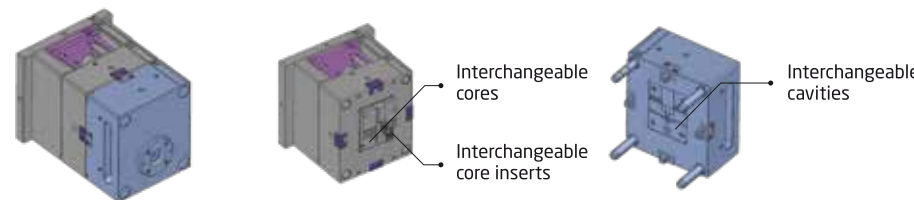


Cavities&cores inserts final works

MOLD PROJECT MODULAR FRAME

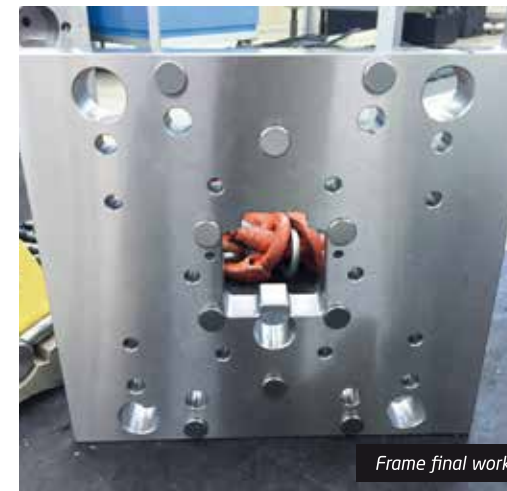
EJECTION SIDE

INJECTION SIDE



Interchangeable cores  
Interchangeable core inserts

Interchangeable cavities



Frame final works



Frame final works



Frame final works